



وهلامى نموندى

A

Choose the most suitable answer for all the questions. (2 marks each).

SN: 000001

Read the following passage and then choose the correct answer for (1 - 4).

A man was tired of living in his old house in the country and wanted to sell it and buy a better one. For several months, he tried to find a buyer on his own, putting up signs, talking to neighbours, and even putting it for sale in the small local newspapers, but nothing worked. No one seemed interested. At last, he decided to solve the problem by using an estate agent.

Within a few days, the estate agent placed an advertisement in a popular and expensive magazine, complete with a wonderful description of the house's unique features including its peaceful surroundings, lovely gardens and other details that made the house sound almost like a dream house.

After the owner had read the advertisement, he hastened to telephone the estate agent and said to him, " I'm sorry, Mr Johns, but I've decided not to sell my house after all. After reading your advertisement in that magazine, I can see that it's just the kind of house I've wanted to live in all my life."

Note:- estate agent: means a person who helps sell or buy land, houses and buildings.

advertisement: means a notice telling people something is for sale.

- The owner wanted to sell his house mainly because he
 A. felt lonely living in the country
 B. was disappointed with its condition
 C. was tired of living there and wanted something better
 D. didn't like his neighbours
- By , the man tried to sell the house before contacting an estate agent .
 A. putting up signs
 B. talking to neighbours
 C. putting it for sale in the local newspapers
 D. All of them are correct
- The man decided to use an estate agent because
 A. he had no time to continue trying himself
 B. the house needed a lot of repairs
 C. everything he tried on his own didn't work
 D. he wanted to increase the price
- The final decision of the owner suggests that
 A. the advertisement changed his feelings about his house
 B. he always wanted to move
 C. estate agents couldn't persuade people
 D. he was angry with the agent
- From the top of the Empire State Building, you can see the Statue of Liberty to the and Broadway to the
 A. south west / north
 B. north / south west
 C. south east / north
 D. east / south
- A government organization (HCECR) has been set up to
 A. investigate the mound of Erbil ancient Citadel
 B. protect Erbil ancient Citadel and give it new life
 C. discover the important secrets the mound of Erbil Citadel may hold
 D. plan only archeological work at Erbil Citadel
- This sentence (**Don't just ride the bus to school: ride and read!**) explains the idea of
 A. taking breaks
 B. revising late
 C. killing two birds with one stone
 D. avoiding TV

8. was first developed to allow scientists
A. Internet / share information more easily
 B. The first World Wide Web / make a huge amount of money
 C. SchoolNet / join the social sites
 D. Wikipedia / connect schools and libraries in Canada
9. Which statement is false?
 A. Grade 12 student Steve Hall thought that Layla was getting stressed out.
 B. Ms Reilly asked Azad to give a short presentation on his experiences in New York.
C. Joseph Nujoma was a soil scientist from Guatemala, Central America.
 D. Steve Wright went to university to study architecture, but he changed after a year.
10. The limited resources of land and water will be reduced further as we try to
 A. grow crops in liquid
C. get more from them
 B. add genes from one plant to another
 D. use hydroponics on a very large scale
11. The base of the Great Pyramid of Khufu is in shape, with each side rising to a height ofmetres.
A. square / 146
 B. triangular / 230
 C. rectangular / 7.5
 D. circular / 164
12. ' The audience was great, and there was lots of discussion, so they must have been interested. ' (This is a part of an email that was sent to)
 A. Azad Qadir
 B. Stella Farrant
C. Kate Reilly
 D. Rosa Gomez
13. Choose the correct option.
 A. The words (departure) and (lounge) never go together.
 B. The prefix (in-) in the word (incomplete) means (again).
 C. The word (various) means: (to become an expert in one area of work, study, etc.).
D. (Keeping old pots and cans to plant flowers and vegetables) is an example of (Reusing).
14. Planning is not just about following a school, it is also about using a daily to stay organized.
 A. calendars / schedule
B. timetable / diary
 C. diaries / calendar
 D. schedule / timetables
15. People are waiting for the plane to
 A. take out
B. take off
 C. take away
 D. take over
16. Choose the order (noun / verb / adjective).
 A. research / immigrant / daily
C. study / present / safe
 B. beauty / plan / chemist
 D. preparation / waste / fashion
17. You won't find any in your life unless you start thinking about your choices.
 A. different / differently
B. difference / differently
 C. different / difference
 D. difference / differencely
18. There are two silent letters in the word; but there is only one silent letter in the word
 A. science / whole
 B. whistle / design
C. rhyme / decade
 D. whose / district
19. The letter (x) in the word is sounded
 A. anxious, / g / and / f /
 C. exist, / g / and / s /
 B. exchange, / k / and / z /
D. exhibition, / k / and / s /
20. In the correct order, choose the phonetic symbols for the underlined letters in (capstan-bars).
A. / æ /, / ə /, / a: /
 B. / a: /, / ə /, / æ /
 C. / ə /, / ʌ /, / æ /
 D. / æ /, / ʌ /, / a: /
21. The word doesn't carry the sound
 A. bang, / ŋ /
B. pyramid, / j /
 C. garrison, / g /
 D. although, / ð /
22. The sounds / f / and / z / are found in the word
 A. shipmates
 B. decisions
 C. measurements
D. dimensions

23. We the entire morning dealing with this problem, some time in the afternoon to prepare for tomorrow's meeting.
A. have spent / let's take B. had to spent / I suggest we take
 C. had spent / I suggest we taken D. spent / what about taking
24. the ancient city by an earthquake.
 A. People believe / has destroyed B. It is believed that / was destroyed
 C. A lot of people believe that / was been destroyed D. It is believe / has been destroyed
25. The river near our house, water to thousands of farmers, is in danger of pollution.
A. which provides B. who provides C. that provides D. which it provides
26. If we change to, it will be
 A. 40% / fraction / a fifth B. a quarter / percentage / 25%
 C. twenty percent / fraction / two fifths D. a twentieth / percentage / 10%
27. He trained properly last week the match.
 A. so that he couldn't win B. so that he wouldn't lose
 C. so as to lose D. for the purpose to win
28. He'd put the money in his pocket and disappeared,?
A. hadn't he B. didn't he C. wouldn't he D. Both (A and C) are correct
29. The flower arrangements for the Hall now.
 A. are finishing B. were finished C. is finished **D. are being finished**
30. (You need to stop arguing, or you will get into trouble.) To express the same meaning, we say:
 A. Unless you won't get into trouble, you stop arguing.
 B. You will get into trouble if you stop arguing.
C. If you don't stop arguing, you will get into trouble.
 D. You won't get into trouble when you didn't stop arguing.
31. 'She will be leaving for work early in the morning.' If we ask about the underlined part of the sentence, we say
 A. Why will she be leaving for work? B. Where will she be leaving for work?
 C. When will be she leaving for work? **D. When will she be leaving for work?**
32. We in London 2020.
 A. lived / in B. had live / for C. have been living / since **D. Both (A and C) are correct**
33. If only the farmers less intensive techniques, they might the disaster .
 A. used / reduced B. had used / have reduced
 C. had used / had reduced D. uses / reduce
34. The party will start 8 p.m. Friday and continue midnight.
 A. till / at / in B. on / by / at C. at / in / on **D. at / on / until**
35. The bus arrived late. It on time.
A. can't have left B. may be not left C. must have left D. might have be leaving
36. This room isn't to fit everyone. In fact, it's than we expected.
 A. too big / less bigger B. big enough / much smaller
 C. enough big / smaller D. too small / more smaller
37. (As long as we look after our land well, it will be productive.) The phrase (**as long as**) in the sentence
A. focuses on a positive result B. carries a negative idea
 C. means (I really wish) D. expresses something unreal
38. Which of the following is grammatically correct?
 A. You have better take a few days off and relax.
 B. The water level risen after the heavy rain.
C. Soon after I get home, I'll start my homework.
 D. A city for the next conferences have to be chosen.

39. He the dog out while his mother on the phone.
 A. has let / were talking B. will let / talk C. lets / talked **D. let / was talking**
40. 'A volunteer is a person who helps others without expecting anything in return.' The relative pronoun in this sentence
 A. is necessary B. is the object of the relative clause
 C. is not needed D. can be left out
41. (..... the students uniforms?) is a negative question for.....
 A. Didn't / wear / The students wore uniforms.
 B. Why weren't / wear / The students were wearing uniforms.
 C. Don't / wear / The students have to wear uniforms.
 D. Have / worn / The students haven't worn uniforms.
42. I was the one who warned them about the problem; that's I wasn't surprised by the outcome.
 A. when **B. why** C. where D. which
43. After his fight with Black Dog, the old sailor fell against the wall, but he was lucky because
 A. Dr Livesey did his best to save his life B. Dr Livesey helped him win the fight
 C. Jim brought Dr Livesey to look after him D. Jim's mother was there and took care of him
44. What happened at the Spy-Glass inn that made Jim worried?
 A. Silver refused to show Jim the way back to the docks.
 B. Jim noticed Silver talking secretly with Harry.
C. Jim saw Black Dog leaving the inn in a hurry.
 D. Silver began asking Jim questions about the treasure map.
45. Inside the captain's sea-chest there were many things, but what Jim chose to take instead of the rest of the money was the
 A. large piece of silver **B. packet covered in cloth**
 C. carefully folded suit D. old Spanish watch
46. Long John Silver sent Dick to fill up a cup of rum and bring it up, which made Jim realize
 A. how Mr Arrow had got the drink that killed him B. why Silver had no control over the crew
 C. why the honest men hated Silver that much D. how Mr Arrow spent his money
47. Dr Livesey used the words '.....' to describe the old sailor while warning him about his drinking.
 A. an old friend B. a brave sailor **C. a dirty old scoundrel** D. a drunk pirate
48. Flint took six strong sailors to the island to help him
 A. find the treasure B. look for Ben Gunn **C. bury the treasure** D. find Ben Gunn's boat
49. Gray and Hunter went down to the shore to get the rest of the supplies under water, but they were too late because were already there, loading the supplies onto a boat.
 A. Dr Livesey and the squire B. Silver and Israel Hands
 C. Jim and Ben Gunn **D. four or five of the mutineers**
50. After Jim found Ben Gunn's boat, he decided to row to the Hispaniola to and
 A. cut the anchor rope / get on board
B. let the ship go / stop the pirates from using it
 C. see Israel Hands / bring him some brandy
 D. kill Israel Hands / return the ship to her captain